CASA Particulate Matter (PM) and Ozone Implementation Team

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Presentation Outline

- Purpose of the CASA Team
- Background on the Canada-wide Standards and CASA PM and Ozone Management Framework
- Results of the 2002-04 assessment
- Air quality management plan
- Progress to date and next steps





Team Goal

- The CASA Team was established in June 2005 – team has met five times
- Significant progress in addressing recommendations
- The goal of the team is:

"To support and when required, facilitate, the timely implementation of the Alberta Particulate Matter and Ozone Management Framework (2003)"



Key Recommendations

- Annual reporting on CWS achievement through assessments conducted by Alberta Environment (AENV)
- Review of Ambient Air Quality Objectives for PM and ozone
- Improvements to the ambient monitoring system in light of the results of the annual assessments
- Review of trigger levels and the annual analysis process





What are the Canadawide Standards?

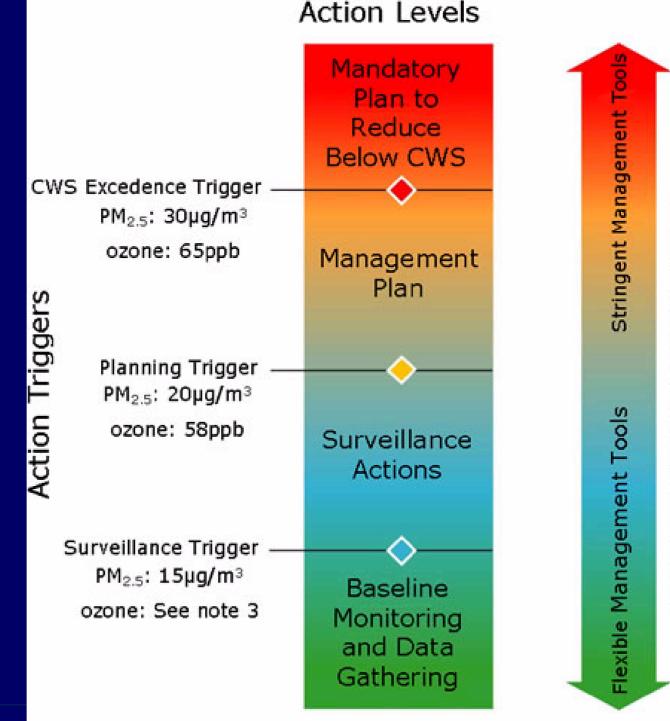
- National standards for fine particulate matter and ozone established in 2000
- Create a balance between minimizing risks to public and environmental health and the costs of reducing emissions
- Standards must be achieved by 2010



CASA PM and Ozone Management Framework • Alberta's plan for achieving the **Canada-wide Standard** Based on the principles of: • continuous improvement pollution prevention • keeping clean areas clean The framework has three triggers and four corresponding levels







Management Tools

and

Regulatory

Existing



Data Assessment Process

- Annual assessments are conducted by AENV
- The assessment is based on three consecutive years of data
- Data assessment involves:
 - Conduct initial assessment based on data available in the CASA Data Warehouse
 - Remove episodes that were primarily caused by background, transboundary or natural influences
 - Re-assess the data
 - Assign trigger levels to Edmonton and Calgary CMAs and all other individual monitoring stations



2002-04 Assessment Ν W **Results for Ozone** Fort Chipewyan (background, transboundary and Fort McKav Northwest natural influences Z Syncrude UE-1 East removed) Patricia McInnes Fort McMurray Athabasca Central Valley CITY Т Beaverlodge OF EDMONTON **CWS Exceedance Action Level** Fort I amont Management Plan Action Level Saskatchewan Carrot Creek Hightower Ridae Tomahawk Elk Island Northwest Steeper Surveillance Action Level EDMONTON Central Violet Grove Squares represent the Edmonton East and Calgary Census Metropolitan Red Deer Areas (CMAs). CITY Caroline OF Esther CALGARY Asterisk (*) indicates incomplete data set. CALGARY Shaded area indicates affected airsheds. Alberta Environment will determine on an annual basis which ENVIRONMEN[®]

areas are in baseline and surveillance action levels for ozone.

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Assessment Results

- Areas assigned to the Management Plan action level for ozone are:
 - Edmonton CMA including monitoring stations in the Fort Saskatchewan and West Central airsheds
 - Calgary CMA
 - Monitoring stations in the Parkland airshed
- Stakeholders need to develop a management plan aimed at preventing future exceedances of the CWS trigger that will consider:
 - population growth
 - industrial activity
 - air quality trends
- AENV may impose a management plan if it is not developed within two years by stakeholders.





Air Quality Management Plan

- Designed to facilitate multi-stakeholder responsibility for air quality
- Implemented by various levels of government, the private sector and nongovernment organizations
- Uses a variety of regulatory and non-regulatory mechanisms:
 - Regulations and bylaws
 - Incentives for using environmentally responsible modes of transport





What has been done?

- Annual analysis have been completed for first three cycles (2001-03, 2002-04 and 2003-05)
- Report summarizing results from 2001 to 2006 will be released in the fall
- Stakeholders in the affected areas have been informed and are expected to develop an air quality management plan by the end of 2008
- Airsheds are at different stages in developing these management plans
- Guidance/support/assistance/leadership may be needed from AENV





What is being done?

AENV is

- Identifying resources needed to support management plan development
- Developing a template that airsheds may follow for a management plan
- Developing a strategy for a province-wide knowledge system for air emissions and air modelling
- Looking at our regulatory backstop
- Determining our role in developing a management plan after the two year time period





Next Steps

- Develop air quality management plans for the affected areas
- Complete review of ambient monitoring network
- Continue annual assessments
- Complete review of ambient air quality objectives
- Initiate review of the CASA PM and Ozone Management Framework

